







Module 1: Hysteroscopy

- Aim and Significance of Hysteroscopy.
- The Panoramic Hysteroscope. The Rigid Hysteroscope.
- Distention Media.
- Instrument Preparation. Hysteroscopy Procedures.
- Oflce hysteroscopy.Examination of the Intracervical
- Uterine Cavity.
- Hysteroscopic Biopsy . Hysteroscopy Documentation.
- Clinical Indications for Hysteroscopy.
- Contraindications for Hysteroscopy.
- Hysteroscopic Findings of the Normal and Abnormal Uterus.
- Normal Findings of the Uterine Cavity.
- DYSFUNCTIONAL UTERINE BLEEDING
- EndometrialPolyp.



Module 2 Basic Laparoscopy:

- •Introduction/history.
- Advantages, disadvantages and limitations of laparoscopy.
- Contraindications and riskfactors.
- •Pelvic anatomy seen through laparoscopy.
- Anaesthesia during laparoscopy.
- Postoperative management.
- Equipment.
- Problems and solutions with imaging and viewing.
- Creation of pneumoperitoneum/access.
- Pneumoperitoneum by Veress needle.
- Primary cannula insertion.
- Secondary cannula.
- Diathermy/Electrocautry.
- Dissection oftissue.
- Homeostasis.
- Suction/irrigation.



Module 3: Colposcopy

- Basic principles of Colposcopy.
- •The normal cervix and Colposcopic appearance.
- Natural history of cervical carcinoma, HPV, and vaccination.
- •Colposcopic appearance of CIN.
- •Glandular disease.
- •Inflammatory and infective conditions of the cervix and anogenital tract.

